NEW YORK HICKLID, THURSDAY, MAY II, 1865.

# EUROPE.

arrival of the Asia at Halifax with Two Days Later News.

The News of the Assassination in Europe.

The Horror and Excitement Caused by It Everywhere.

Action of the British Parliament and People.

Excitement in the Liverpool and London Exchanges.

Condolence of the Austrian and Swiss Governments.

Comments of the English Press on the Character of the Late President.

The Five-twenties Advanced to 62 a 63,

Liverpool at eleven o'clock on the morning of the and Queenstown on the 30th uit, arrived at Halifax

In the Court of Queen's Bench the extradition case of Bercantile Bank, was argued at great length. The Lord be discharged pending bail. However, he was still de-

by the 1st of July 1868

sh of over eleven and a half millions of france. The Bourse was firm; rentes, 67f. 60c.

itary conflict in Madrid was lost by a large majority. the Episcopal question. The bishops are to return and the Pope will immediately fill the vacant sees.

Janeiro dates to April 9th. The Montevideo banks are authorized to resume cash

Argentine Republic, in order to attack Brazil and Buenos

can stocks in London, who suspended payment in the confusion produced by the news of Lincoln's assassingion, have paid all liabilities in full, and resumed busi

The new steamer Queen, for the National Line, had seen successfully launched from Laird's yard, on the

outhampton early on the morning of the 28th.

The steamship Eina reached Liverpool on the after

The steamship China, from New York, reached Queens lown in the forencon on the 29th.

### THE ASSASSINATION.

Profound Sensation in Europe—Action in the English Parliament—Immense Recting in London-The Excitement on the Liv-

> erpool and London Exchanges-Comments of the Press-Condelence from the Austrian and Swiss Covernments, &c.

B is reported that Queen Victoria will send a letter of endolence to Mrs. Lincoln, and express sympathy with

an address to the Crown, expressing the sorrow and indignation of the House at the assassination of the Pro-

an address to the Grown, expressing the sorrow and indignation of the House at the assassination of the President of the United States, and praying her Majesty to expression of those feelings to the government of the United States.

Earl Draw hoped the government had taken pains to assertain that there was nothing in the form of the motion rendering it in the slightest degree doubtful whether unanimous assent would be given by the House to the motion. As proposed, the matter was unfreededented. He was quite cariain the expression of sorrow and indignation for the airculous act committed would not only meet with the unanimous assent of the House, but would represent the feeling of every man, woman and child in her Majesty's dominions.

Earl Russell said Earl Derby was correct in saying that the circumstances were happily unprecedented, and he hoped that there would be nothing in the form of the motion which would cause objection to be taken to it. In the House of Commons Sir Grondes Guer, in the absence of Lord Palmerston on account of illness, gave a notice similar to that given by Earl Russell in the House of Lords, adding that the address should convey a strong feeling of sympathy and condelence with the government and people of the United States. The announcement was received with cheers.

pended on a single life, and he felt confident that the American people would hurry to a trumphant issue the policy and principles of Abraham Lincoln.

Hon. Langue Branker, second son of Lord Stanley of Aldersley, a member of the Cabinet, expressed his admiration for the character of Mr. Lincoln.

Professor Fawcart also supported the resolutions.

Mr. Shaw Langues, M. P., said the men who elected Lincoln could not be wrong in the choice of Johnson.

Mr. Carad, M. P., moved that copies of the foregoing resolutions be placed in the hands of Mr. Adams for transmission to the President of the United States, Mrs. Lincoln and Mr. Seward. He paid a warm compliment to the American Minister, whose moderation and firmness and concillation had been the best preservation of peace between the two countries.

The resolutions were supported by Greenfell, Curren and Ewing, members of Parliament, and Rev. Newman Hall and Mason Jones.

Crues W. Firld, who was called for, and received with great applause, thanked the Chairman and the meeting, on behalf of the American people, for their deep sympathy with the thirty millions on the other side of the Allantic, who were mourning for the death of Abraham Lincoln.

Large numbers of Germans in London also presented

Lincoln.

Large numbers of Germans in London also presented an address to Mr. Adams.

The Americans in London, at the call of Mr. Fernando Wood, assembled in considerable numbers at Groavener Hotel, on the 27th, to give expression to their sentiments; but at the suggestion of Mr. Adams, who sent a message to that effect, the meeting was adjourned to the 1st of May, when a great meeting of Americans will take place at St. James' Hall, under the presidency of Mr. Adams.

to the 1st of May, when a great meeting of Americans will take place at St. James' Hall, under the presidency of Mr. Adams.

The Meeting in Liverpool.

There was a great meeting of the merchants of Liverpool in St. George's Hall, on the afternoon of the 27th, to express the sentiments of the people at the assassination of President Lincoln. The Mayor presided, and he and several leading merchants made speeches denouncing the crame and expressing sympathy with the people of the United States in strong terms. A resolution expressing sorrow and indignation, regardless of all differences of epinion politically, was unanimously adopted and ordered to be sent to the American Minister at London, to Brz. Lincoln and to Mr. Seward.

On the evening of the same day, and at the same place, there was another great meeting of the working classes, at which similar resolutions were adopted. A resolution of a more political character was offered, and led to confusion, amidst which the meeting was adjourned.

The Commerce in Liverpool, and public bodies in various parts of England, have adopted resolutions of sympathy and indignation.

Reception of the News in London.

Prom the London Times, April 27.]

The intelligence of the assassination of President Lincoln and of the attempt to assassinate Mr. Soward cause a most extraordinary semantion in the city y cerday. Towards around the most home mouth in all rections. At first mast were necessituous as to the tyrn of the rumor, and some believed it to have been at allout for purposes in connection with the Stock yechange. The house of Peabody & Co. American Lankers, in Broad street, had received early integrations of the yearling papers, and wide by the second editions of the yearling papers, and was supplemented later in the dry by the publication of additional particulars. Shortly after twelve o'clock it was communicated to the Lord Mayor while he was sitting in the justice room of the Mannelin House, and about the same tirgs "the decimal and two clock in third edition of the Time

tractic occurrence and heave may not be make the present of the term when the make the second of the term of the second of the term of the second of the term of the second of the secon

HB INDIGNANTLY DENIES THAT THE ASSASSINATION
WAS PLANNED BY REBELS.
TO THE EDITOR OF THE LONDON INDEX.

The Difficult Task Before the Country and the Administration.

[From the London News, April 27.]

But a harder task than vengeance lies yet on the North, which they must enter on before the first hours of mourning have passed. They have a government to carry on, a war to finish, a commonwealth to reconstruct. It were vain to conceal how the difficulty of each part of their task is enhanced by the loss of their chosen and tried faced. Nor, unbapplity, have they made provision for an event so whoily unforeseen. The vice President, who, in virtue of the constitution, has already taken the oaths as President for nearly the term of four years still remaining to be run, is got the man whom they would have selected had they thought of such an event as his stiting in the President's chair. Already, too, there has been removed from his side the Secretary of State, who has during Mr. Lincoln's tenure of office shared most fully his confidence and his designs. It is a great and terrible cries. But we have confidence that the people will make treather. Chief among our reasons for this belief is the reflection that Mr. Lincoln himself was rather a representative than a leader. His personal influence had not formed his party; he was only selected in its exigence to do its beheats. Admirably as he has done them, we must not think that he was the only one who could have substantially done the same. And though Andrew Johnson was not selected to represent the party, but only as a secondary compromise between sections, this is an eccasion which is may be kept will estinguish sections, and unite oil in a common effort. Round him will still stand the oid hadors—Stanton, Chase and Grant. The responsibilities these through his man or that rendered the forter dangerous—thry will know how to save the constitution by sucrifice. Meanting the purities as he had only in the people, they will follow, first of all, and, as far as possible, the path their constitution, points of the People will fill them with the sterner resolve to be victors

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.
LIVERPOOL APRIL 29—Evening.
The China's news created a favorable impression.
American securities improved. Confederate lean flat at a material decline, closing at 11 a 13.

2s. 1d. for refined.

THE LATEST MARKETS.

LORDON, April 29—Event
Cousels, for money, 90% a 91.
United States five-twenties 62 a 63.
Illinois central shares 78% a 79%. Eric shars 47
Exchange at Rio Janeiro 25% a 25%. Coffee,
firsts, 61400 a 61500.
Bahis exchange 26. Cotton nominal.
Persambuco exchange 25% a 26. Cotton nominal.
Corron.—Sales to day 10,000 bales, of which 3,00
to speculators and experters. Market firm and changed.
Besadsturps quiet and steed. BREADSTUFFS quiet and steady.
PROVISIONS STEADY.

## MEXICO.

Monterey by the Liberals-Imperial Decrees Defining the Government and Boundaries of the Empire, &c. OUR HAVANA CORRESPONDENCE.

HAVANA, May 6, 1865. rom Tampico. The captain of this vessel states that a

OFFICIAL.—Saltillo and Monterey have fallen into the hands of the liberals under General Negrets. Ciudad Victoria, capital of Tamaulipas, has capitulated and been occupied by Mundry.

THE PRESS DESPATOR.

## TESTIMONIAL TO THE KEARS.

New York, May 8, 1865.

CHARLES KEAN, Eeq.:—

DEAR SIR—We, the undersigned, members of the Broadway theatre, having observed and unanimously spoken of the kind and affable manner evinced towards us by yourself and Mrs. Kean during your brief engageus by yourself and Mrs. Kean during your brief engagement here, desire to assure you that it has been feelingly appreciated, and will be remembered as a most agreeable episode in our professional career, and that in leaving us you have our best wishes for your health and presperity.

Geo. H. Gilbert, stage manager; G. W. Jamison, F. G. Maeder, George Metkin, C. P. De Groat, Thos. E. Owens, Sol Smith, Jr., W. J. Fleming, Gaspard Maeder, John J. D. Bilby, W. H. Beckman, W. F. Williams, J. W. Carpenter, Albee Placide, Adeline Hind, Charlotte Adams, Henriette Osborne, May De Groat, Mrs. M. C. Borrougha, Mrs. Tyrrell.

MR. REAN'S REPLY.

Mrs. Tyrrell.

Mrs. Heav's Reply.

Dram Sir.—Mrs. Kean and myself were deeply gratified by receiving last night at the theatrathe paper signed by the members of the Broadway company. I assure you that we take no credit to curselves for the qualities you mention in that document; for it would be hard indeed to be otherwise than "kind and affable," as you express it, where all were so anxious and ready to do their best and to oblige. Fray thank the ladies and gentlemen for me and Mrs. Kean, and assure them that is shall place this letter amongst those I most prize, to be preserved until I "shuffle off this mortal on!" Accept my best thanks, and believe me, dear sir, to be, yours truly.

MKTROTOLITAR HOTEL, May 9, 1866.

truly.

METROPOLITAN HOPEL, May 0, 1866.

THE AMERICAN DRAMATIC FUND ASSOCIATION.

The seventeenth regular anneal meeting of this association—established for the purpose of raising by subscriptions, donations and bequests from members there of and others a fund to be devoted to making provision for the support of members who by age, cickness or accident, are incapacitated from pursuing their calling, and for the support of the widows and orphann thereof, and for the support of the widows and orphann thereof, and for the supports of defraying the funeral expenses of members, and for such other similar purposes as the said corporation shall deem meet and expedient—was held at their rooms, 486 Broadway, at two P. M., on Munday, May 8, for the purpose of electing officers for the enauing year, with the following results—

President—Hon. James T. Brady.

True's—W. P. Chapman, Esq.; L. W. Jerome, Esq.; H. G. Stebbins, Esq.; G. W. McClean, Esq.; Barney Williams, Esq.

Director—Messra, C. E. Mason, John Byrne, John Bridgman, N. B. Clarke, Wm. Davidge, W. R. Floyd, John P. Cooke, John G. Gilbert, T. H. Hadaway, H. Laherwood, J. W. Lingard, Theo. Moss, John Mosse, John Sefton, A. W. Young.

Trecturer—J. H. Oxley.

Sec chry—Chas. S. Bernard.

The balance sheet of the secretary shows a capital of over forty-one thousand dollars, drawing interest, which, together with the subscriptions, is divided equally among the claimants, amounting for the year to forty-five claimants. Cannot our ganagers and the leading members of the profession and this most worthy institution by some organized effort? What say you, Mr. Forrest and others, who do hour to the profession you represent!

Henn's Readurgs.—Mr. D. D. Home (Hume), the

HUME'S READINGS.-Mr. D. D. Home (Home), the HOME'S REALIZED THE RESIDENCE OF THE RES